

The background of the slide features a stylized world map composed of a grid of dots. Overlaid on this map are various data visualization elements, including vertical bars of different heights and colors (red, blue, green), and numerous small circles and lines representing data points and connections. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and digital.

20th European Interparliamentary Space Conference

“Big data: Development of value-added downstream services and applications”

Issues for the big data value chain

Massimo C Comparini

**e-GEOS – Chief Executive Officer
Telespazio – Director Line of Business Geo Information
EarthLab Luxembourg - Chairman**

20th EISC - 15-16 October 2018 Brussels, Belgium

Space Technologies and Services – a new era

- The fast transformation of the space industry is largely driven by new service and applications made possible through innovations in launch and satellite manufacturing technology and in the incredible growth in the computational capability
- The state of technology within the satellite industry is evolving rapidly. On one hand, improvements in launch systems, sensors and other input technologies, and innovations such as the smallsat architecture are driving down costs.
- On the other hand, more sensors and a greater diversity of sensor types mean greater spatial resolution, higher temporal cadence, and richer spectral coverage.
- “NewSpace” industry is based onto rapid inventions and developments, lower costs, commercially available parts and incremental development



Cadillac 60s



Saturn late 60s



Tesla mid 10s

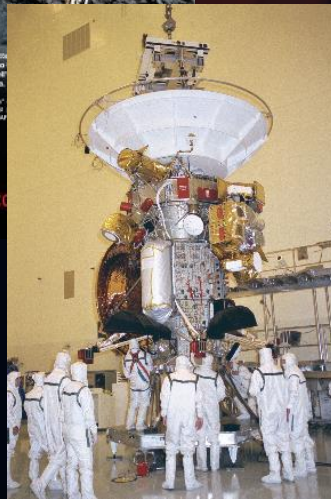


SpaceX reusable rocket



The Space Sector – from exploration to SDGs

- The Space sector has contributed to open new technological frontiers due to the extreme and demanding nature of **operating in deep space environment** as well as today's to address new missions and innovative requirements and **new** markets (space assets themselves, “fall out” markets)



AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY	GEOLOGY	CADASTE / LAND MGT
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IACS-GIS Solutions • Parcel Reference Systems • Subsidy Controls • Assistance to Administrators and Farms • Agro-risk Management 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forest Mapping • Forest Inventories • Biomass and Carbon Stocks • Biodiversity Inventories • Forest Management Systems 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geological Mapping • Mining Management • Hydrocarbon Exploration • Groundwater Exploration • Administration Support 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Land Administration • Cadastres • Water Management • Land Information Systems • Institutional Land Management
ORTHOM & CARTOGRAPHY	INFRASTRUCTURE	RISK MGT, LAND PROTEC	ENVIRONMENT
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Satellite data • Aerial/satellite orthoimages • Technical Cartography • Digital Terrain Models • Land Use and Land Cover 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transportation Systems • Utility Management • Facility Management • Communication Solutions • Location Based Services 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Landslide • Forest fires • Floods • Geohazard 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environmental quality analysis • Subsidence • Coastal zone management • Land Use Planning • Watershed Management • Disaster Management • Environ. Capacity Building
MARITIME ENVIRONMENT	GEO INFO SYSTEM	SECURITY	INTEGRATED GIS
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oil spills • Ship detection • Marine water quality • Surveillance of off shore extraction activities 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic Information Systems • GIS Applications for territory management 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maritime surveillance • Rapid mapping for humanitarian aids • Activities Monitoring 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On-line • Proc. • Real



The new Space Economy



Investors Can Get an Eye in the Sky

By BRADLEY HOPE

The latest technological innovation for data-hungry hedge funds is a fleet of five dozen shoe-box-size satellites. A company called Planet Labs Inc. has launched a small constellation of what it calls "cubesats" that can deliver much more frequent imagery of economically sensitive spots than traditional satellites. Those spots include retailers' parking lots, oil-storage tanks or farmland.

The company, founded by three former NASA scientists, has now signed an agreement to supply data to Orbital Insight Inc., which mines satellite imagery for trading tips for hedge funds.

Until now, Orbital has relied on monthly or bimonthly imagery for its analysis. The deal with Planet Labs will give them access to weekly images at first.

Next year, if Planet Labs succeeds in a plan to launch an additional 40 or so cubesats, Orbital will have access to daily images of every piece of land on earth.

"Almost all economic activity is change," said Jimi Crawford, a former Google executive who founded Orbital.

Tiny Rover

Earth-imaging companies are turning to small satellites about the size of a shoebox to increase the availability of photos. Planet Labs keeps dozens of its Dove cubesats in orbit to provide images on a more frequent basis.

Scale comparison

Dove satellite
Human
NASA Landsat 8

Dove satellite

Weight: 4 kg (9 pounds)

Optics
Camera
3 meters
depend

30 cm (12 inches)

Solar panels

Spring-loaded panels
fold out on deployment

Earth
Each Dove
orbit in
continual
the earth

TECNOLOGIA

I Big data arrivano dai cieli

L'accordo di Leonardo con Spaceflights italiana nel settore dei minisatelliti, sempre più rilevanti per la raccolta di dati dallo spazio. La flessibilità e frequenza delle immagini sono alla base della raccolta di informazioni visive che di indubbio valore nella space economy emerge.

18/03/2018

Earth-i leads consortium to develop on-board processing for video imagery from space

By News Desk - July 18, 2018

SHARE



Lettori: n.d.

Diffusione: n.d.

Bloomberg
Businessweek

26 GEN 2015

da pag. 52

simple device for use by individuals and public and commercial buildings, such as schools, stores, and hospitals. It will act as a kind of local Internet hub connecting with nearby devices via Wi-Fi or a cellular signal.

"You don't have to buy an antenna," Wyler says. "You just have to be near a school or a health center, and your phone or tablet will log on." He expects the antennas to start at about

see prices that are affordable to the consumer," he says.

A lot can go wrong before OneWeb's network is complete. A couple of companies—Teledesic and SkyBridge—tried to do this years ago to build similar networks and burned through billions of dollars before failing and scaring investors away from the idea for

years. Wyler and others argue that these efforts were "short-sighted," and that the underlying technology has advanced enough to make the idea, with a couple of arch-rivals, feasible again. OneWeb says it will be able to cover the size of India with three satellites. The machines, it says, are always on the move in a gridlike pattern. As such, the next development is to pass a communication signal from one satellite to the next and run millions of calculations every second to figure out how to best divvy up bandwidth among all the devices tapping into one satellite.

A handful of companies build satellites, and they're usually designed for a specific purpose. OneWeb will need one of manufacturers to produce its machines at scale. It will also work with most of the major rocket-launch companies to reach its unprecedented goal of sending up a new satellite every 10 days. "This is the biggest thing that has ever been done in the industry," says David Bettenger, who left his job as chief of officer at IDirect, a satellite communications company, to join OneWeb. "It takes a Greg to do something like this."

Who's put in \$6 million of his own money so far, expects more than \$2 billion to get OneWeb going. The company has raised \$100 million from investors, with each round of \$20 million, according to Virgin founder Richard Branson, who's joined the OneWeb board. "We have the capacity to launch 2,500 satellites," Branson says. "If we have it right, this will be a highly profitable business that improves charity and delivers a much-needed service."

OneWeb hopes to have OneWeb up and running by 2018. In the meantime, rivals will be expanding their efforts to connect the world. Google had at one point looked to fund and make it part of the company's broad Internet efforts, but Wyler and Google CEO Larry Page decided to go it alone, Branson says. Google is charging ahead with its own project Loon, in which giant weather balloons rigged with solar panels will float above remote areas to create a network. Facebook has a number of schemes, too, and is exploring everything from drones and lasers to more spaced-out towers in rural areas to bridge gaps in connectivity.

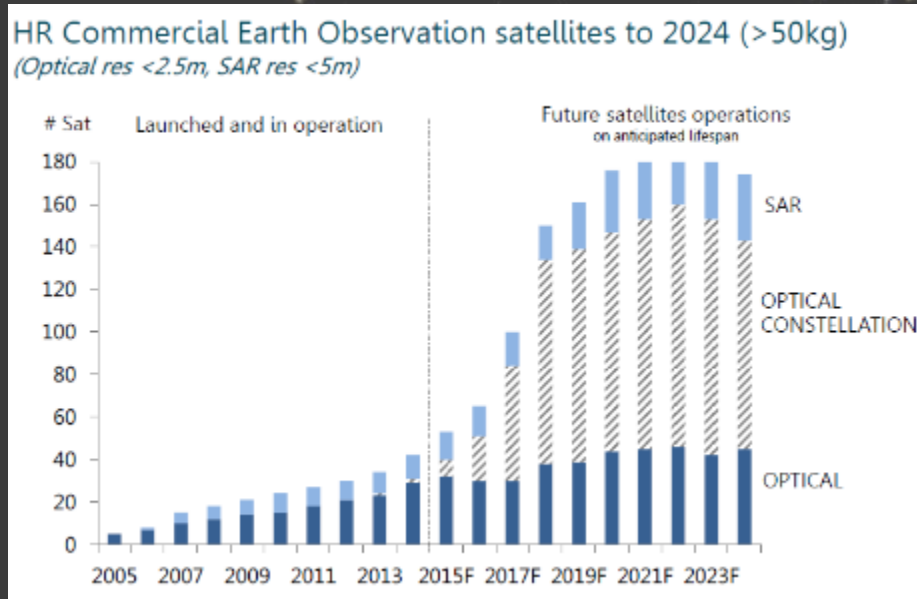
Another challenge may come from Musk, who used to crash a greenhouse and has just announced plans to create his own Internet space network. Musk's plan is to build a fleet of satellites at a SpaceX factory, launch them with his rockets, and use them to handle much of the world's Internet. "We want a satellite that is an order of magnitude more powerful than what Greg wants," he says. "I think there should be competing systems."

It's a challenge that Wyler's the only person to have thought of. He's the technical issues and acquired the international spectrum rights to provide Internet service from space. Branson says he can do a competing thing. "We want a satellite that is an order of magnitude more powerful than what Greg wants," he says. "I think there should be competing systems."

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Space Economy – Geo Information evolution

many satellites in orbit today...
and the number is growing fast...



+66%

680

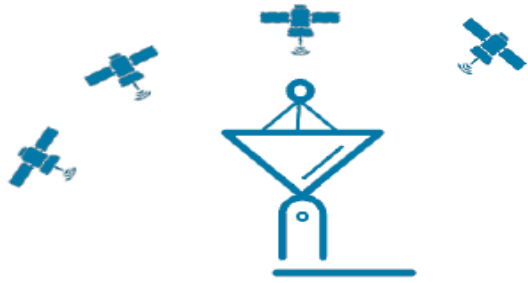
EO Satellite in orbit
(2017)*

>1,740

Satellite expected
(2017 – 2024)

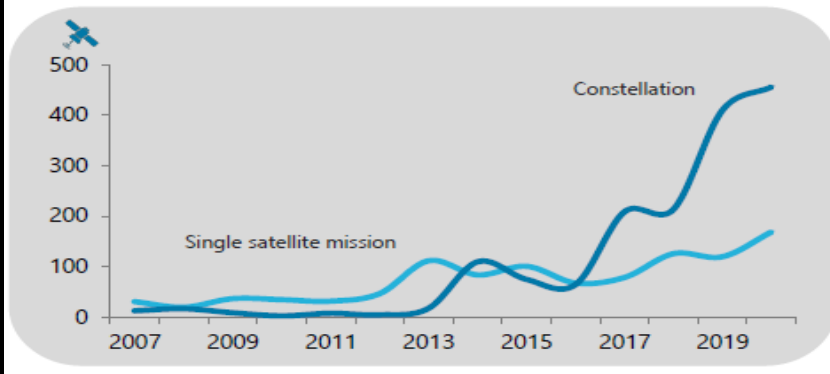
Frost & Sullivan's 2018 first quarter update of the 'Small Satellite Launch Services Market' estimates that over 11,000 small satellites will be launched by 2030. The central value proposition offered by these commercial players to end-users is real-time imagery and seamless global connectivity.

Space Economy – Geo Information evolution



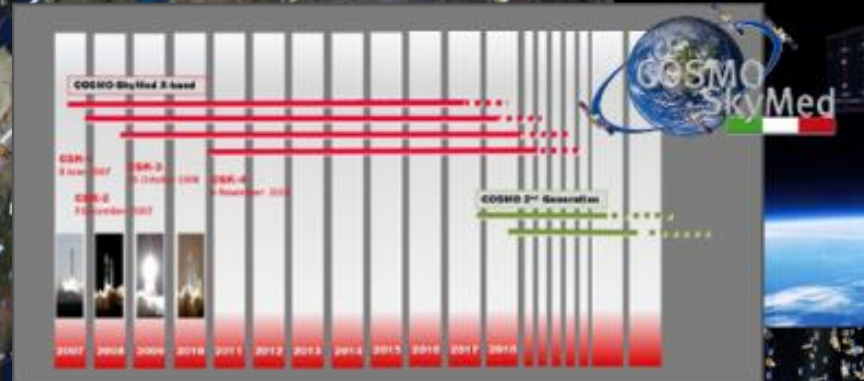
Constellations
will account for
70% of the
future demand

Smallsat demand
is experiencing a
increase **x7**



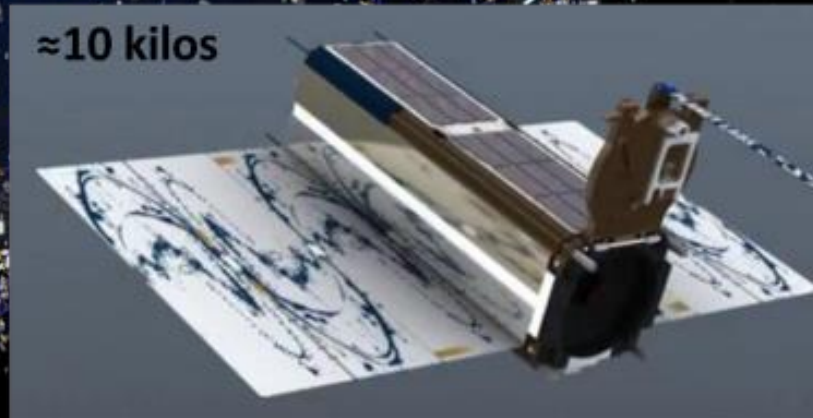
evolution of large infrastructure (high end
sensors few sats)

≈2 tons



emerging constellations (low end sensors/many sats)

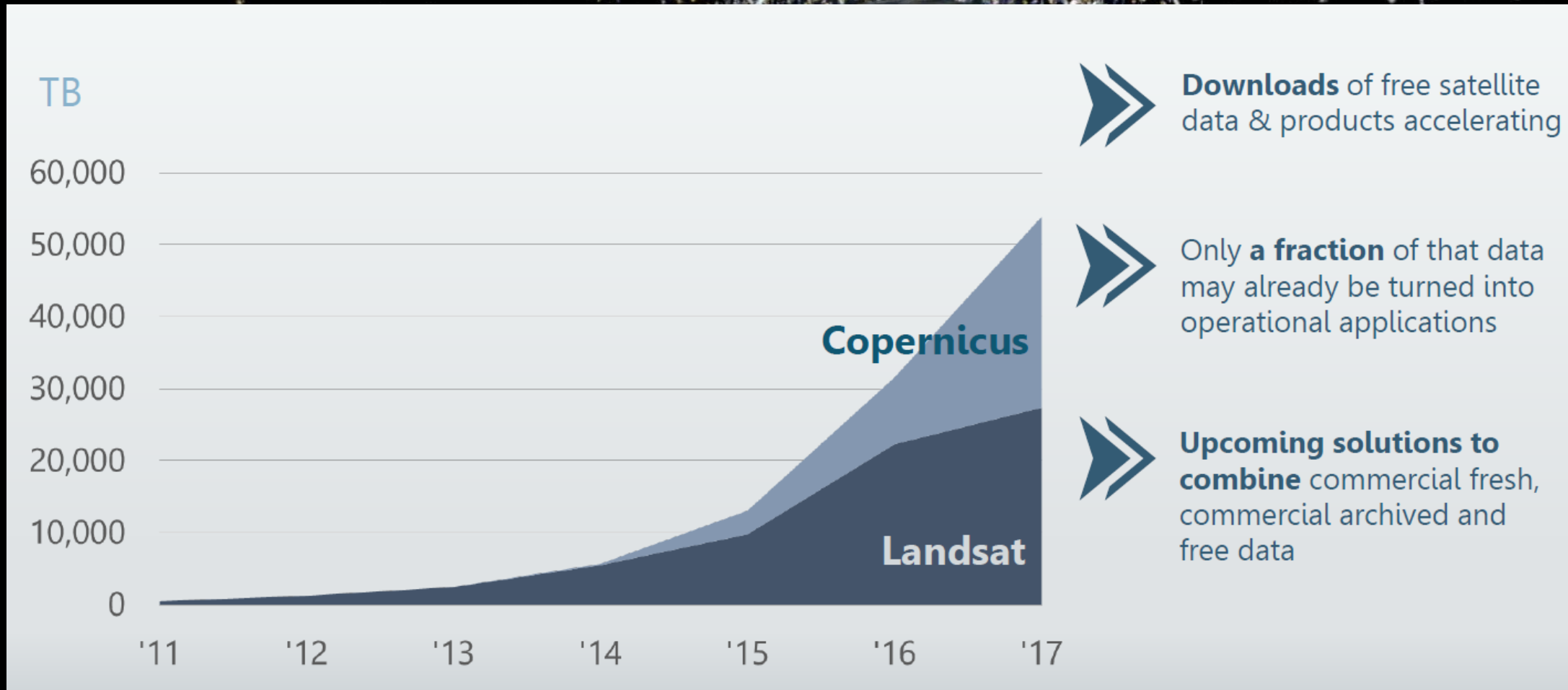
≈10 kilos



≈100 kilos

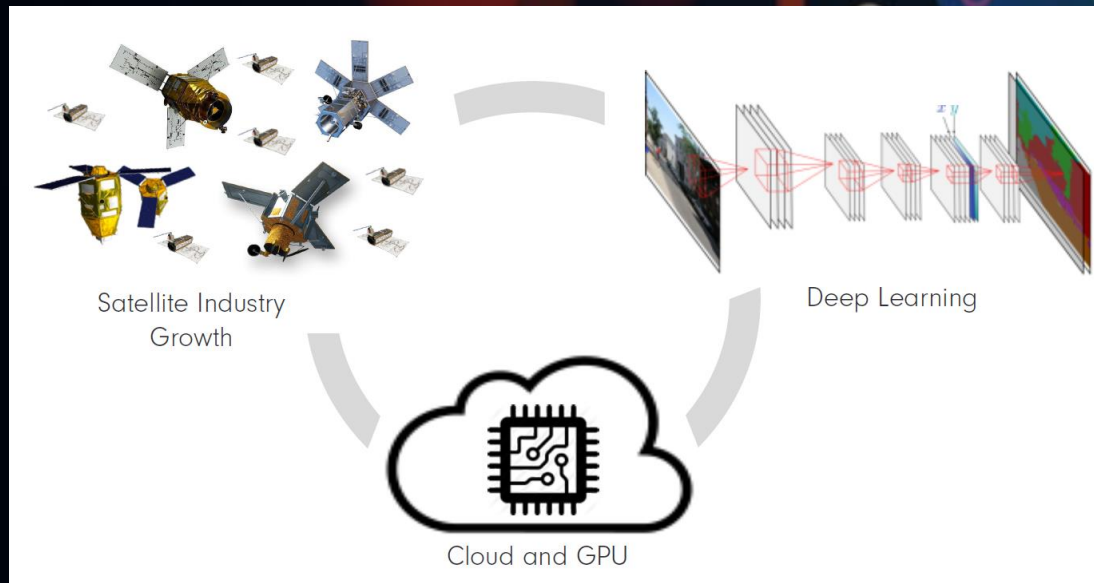


Space Economy – EO space data explosion



The new space race – global geospatial

- The possibility to complement Earth Observation space systems based on large space infrastructure and very high end performance sensors allows as well in Earth Observation to conceive **very high revisit observation capabilities**, in perspective to realize a **quasi-persistent surveillance** and in general to feed with an exponential growing amount of data a new class and generation of service and application platforms



7

The convergence of IoT, cloud, and big data create new opportunities for self-service analytics

Space and Democratization

From data 

Generating information 

To customized platforms 

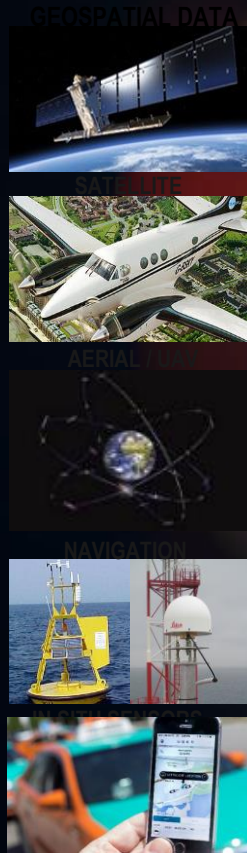


IMAGE CONTENT



REPORTS



GEO CONTENTS



LAND

DEFENCE

MARITIME

AGRICULTURE

EMERGENCY

ENVIRONMENT

The new space race – global geospatial



monitor daily




discover trends



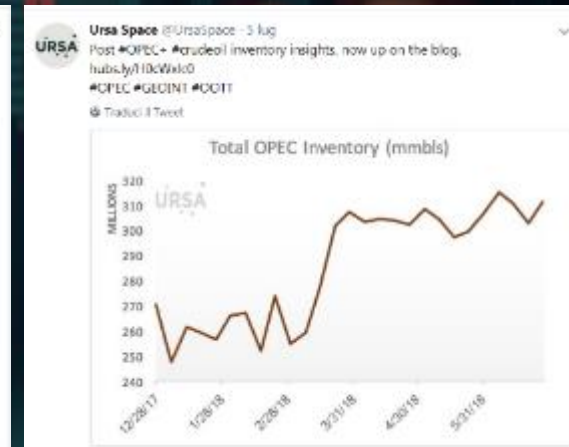
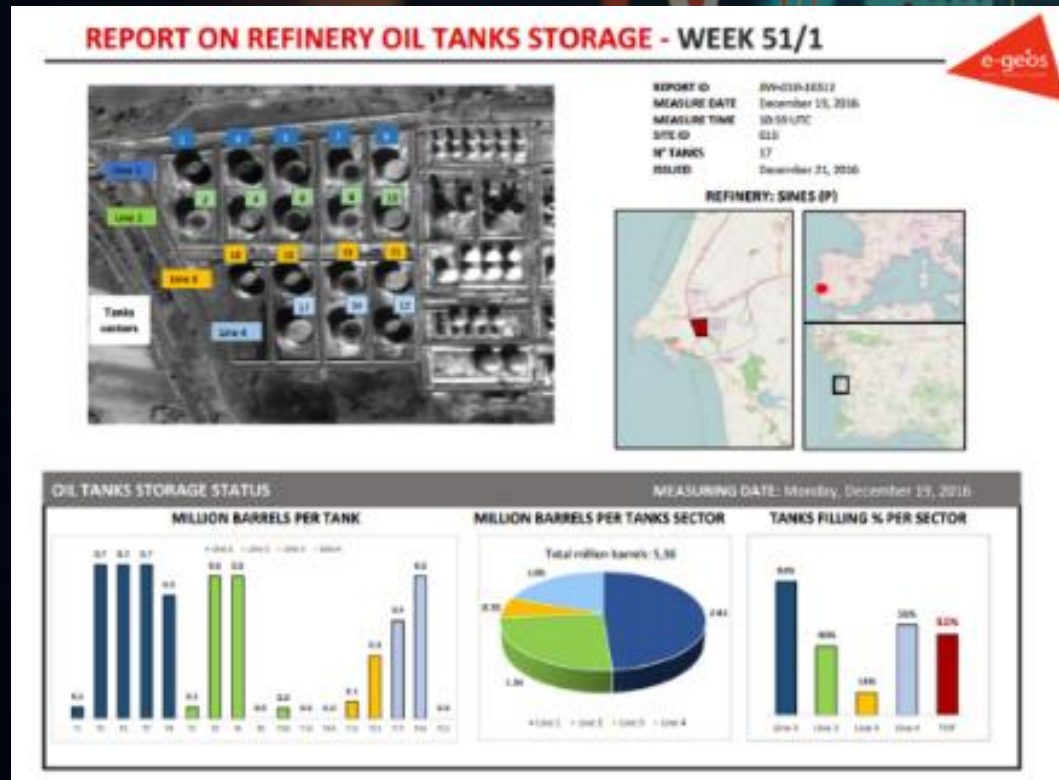
deliver insight

Space and Democratization

From data 

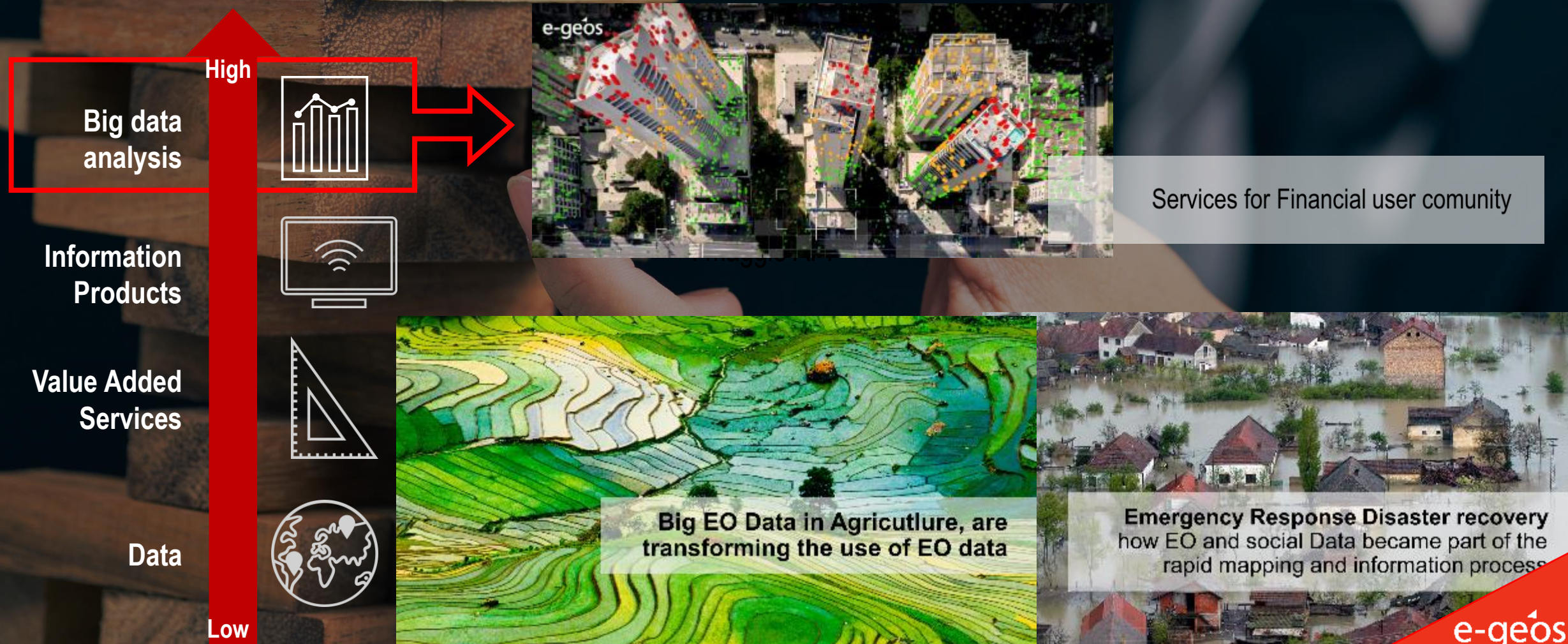
Generating information 

To customized Information
Products and BDA 



THE VALUE CHAIN FOR THE NEW VALUE ADDED SERVICES

More value addition/processing to the raw data



AssetWatch

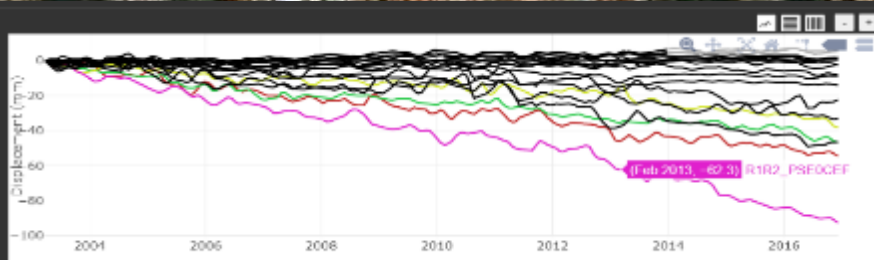
from punctual analysis
to areal behaviours

1M+

Years of time series
analysed

10+

Years of time series
analysed at the same time



Statistics

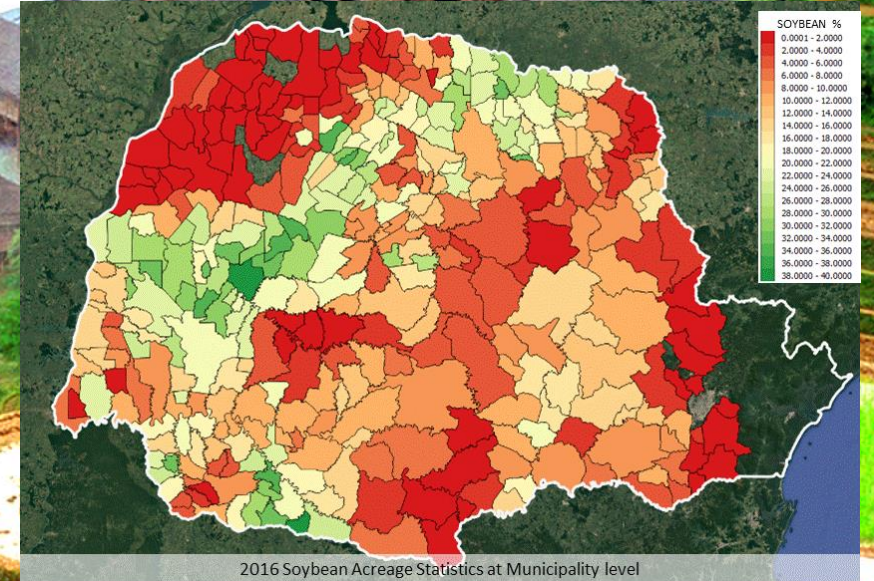
Selected PS	2346
Measures	36
Starting date	20160508
Ending date	20170425
Velocity	Min: -29.9000 Max: 13.6000 Mean: -0.7389 mm/year
Height	Min: 1012.4000 Max: 1218.1000 Mean: 1084.4307 m
Velocity stdev	Min: 0.2000 Max: 1.1000 Mean: 0.4890 mm/year
Coherence	Min: 0.6400 Max: 0.8900 Mean: 0.7285

Filtering, Statistics and advanced analysis tools applied over hundreds of measuring points enables to move the analysis **from punctual analysis to areal behaviours**

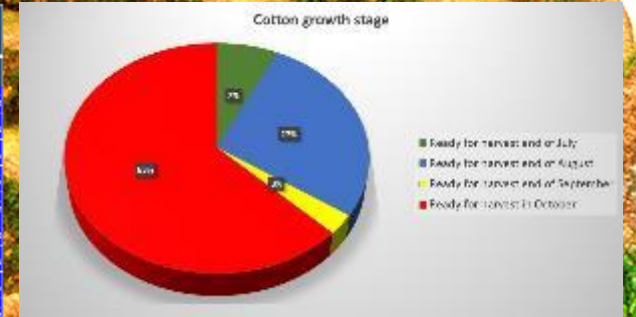
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD PRODUCTION

For supporting governments and farmers in the management of the **agricultural and food activities**, as well as the **crop lifecycle**

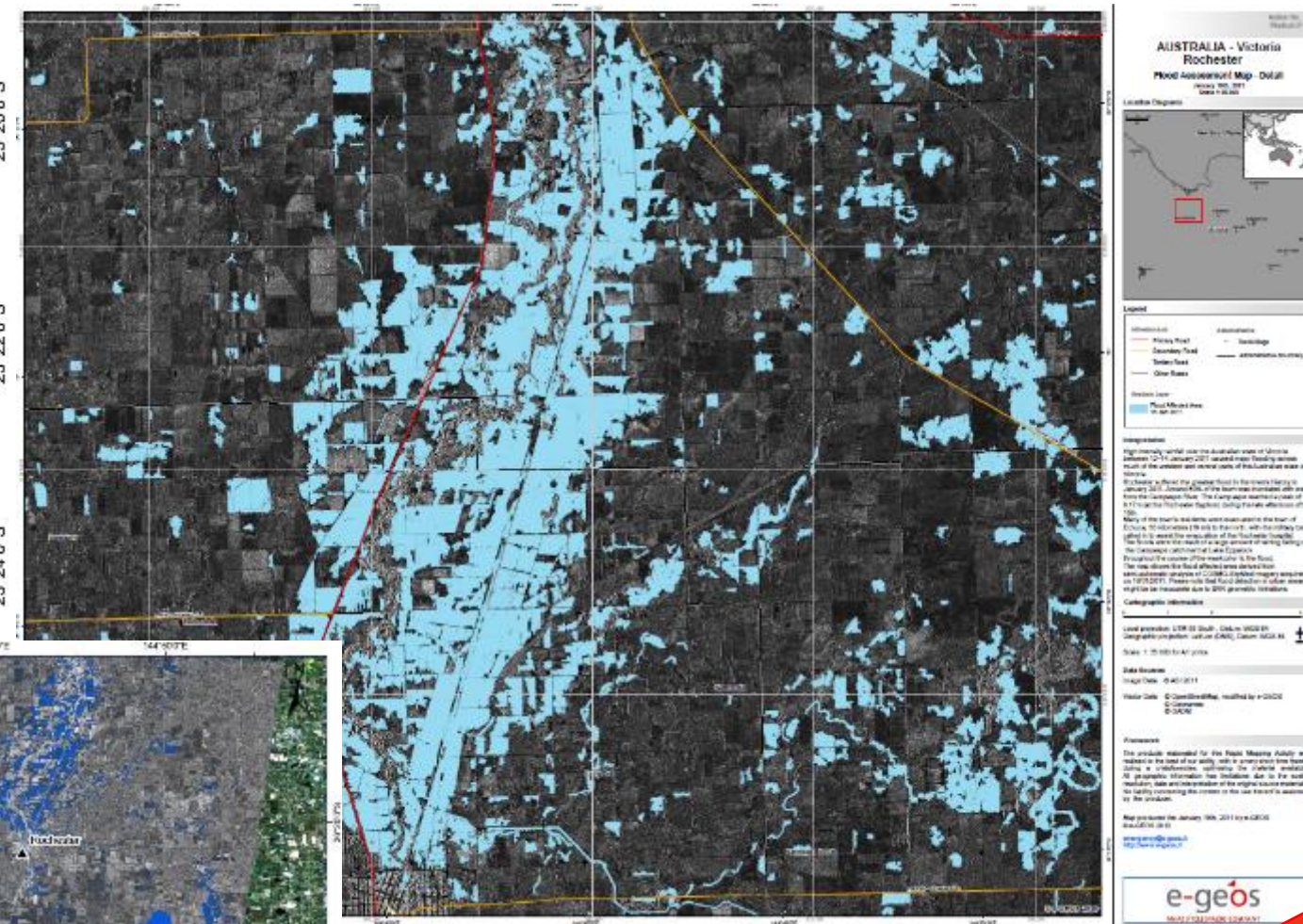
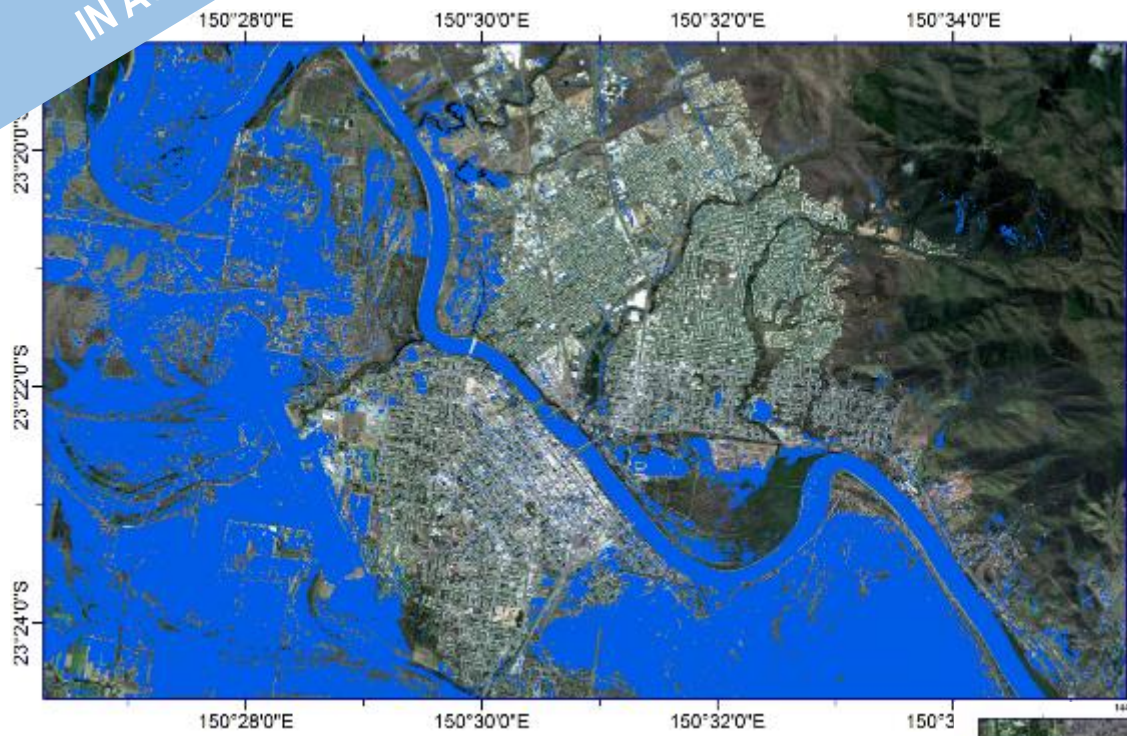
- Precision farming analysis
- Crop monitoring reports, acreage and crop yield assessment, for early estimation, analytics monitoring services
- Agro-Environment Geo-Information Products
- Services of crop monitoring for claim management, funding/subsidies management, production processes



COUNTY	Cotton area	Flooded Cotton Area	
	ha	ha	%
Louisiana	7932	59	1%
Benewah	1770	0	0%
Franklin	1713	0	0%
Garwood	1763	132	7%
Eagle Lake	2535	322	36%
East Bernard	5597	1679	41%
Wallis	643	213	33%
Orchard-Kendleton	4401	303	18%
Wharton	1460	721	49%
Poling-Newgulf	2566	822	49%
El Campo	10197	509	5%
TOTAL	41388	3452	13%

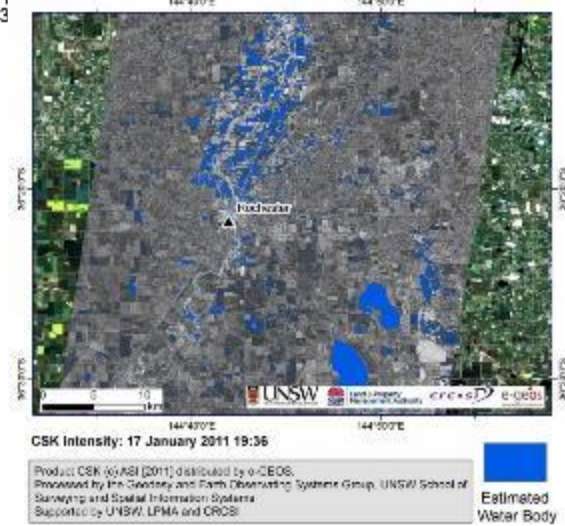


FLOODED AREAS EXTRACTION

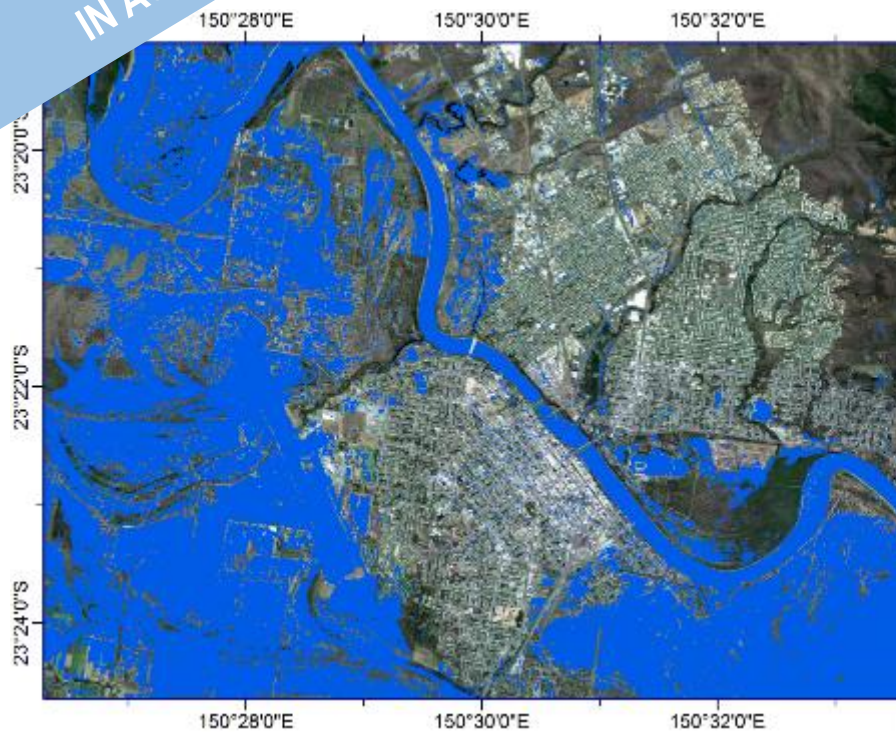


200+
Images Acquired

70+
Products generated and delivered



FLOODED AREAS EXTRACTION



2M+
social media data

1sec
Content validation

5sec
Accurate content
GeoLocalization

20k+
Crowd sourcing
community for
content enrichment

Informazioni Sulle Feature

Lat: 29.8419 - Long: -95.63526

Twitter

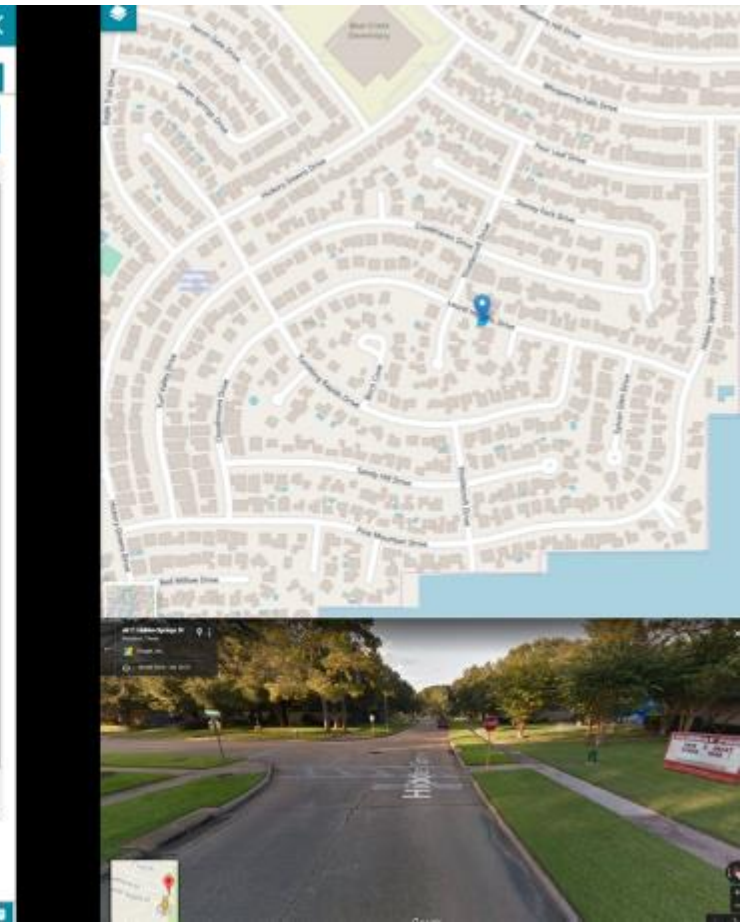
Posted on
Sep 1, 2017 4:35:26 PM

RT @miguelmarquez: Hidden Springs and Laurel Heights, Houston, TX
<https://t.co/bUUGBKHNUZ>

Geolocation type: CIME geocoding
Crowd validation: Undefined

Deep learning tags:
Flood: 55.550763, Nature: 55.550763, Canal: 54.99187, Outdoors: 54.99187, Water: 54.99187, Architecture: 54.028107, Building: 54.028107, Spire: 54.028107, Sleepie: 54.028107, Tower: 54.028107.

[Ground View Link](#)



200+
Images Acquired

70+
Products generated and
delivered



THE ECONOMY OF SHADOWS

OIL TANKS MONITORING



THE ECONOMY OF SHADOWS

OIL TANKS MONITORING



REPORT ON REFINERY OIL TANKS STORAGE - WEEK 51/1



REPORT ID: BW-010-16511
 MEASURE DATE: December 19, 2016
 MEASURE TIME: 10:59 UTC
 SITE ID: 010
 N° TANKS: 17
 ISSUED: December 21, 2016

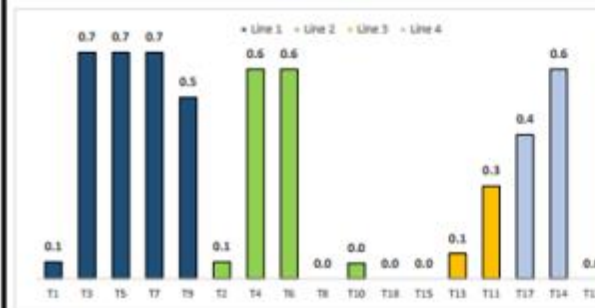
REFINERY: SINES (P)



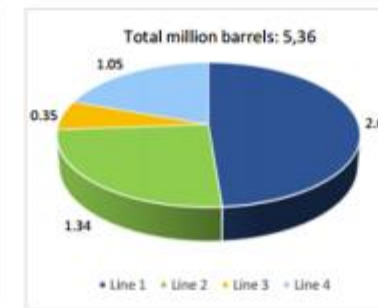
OIL TANKS STORAGE STATUS

MEASURING DATE: Monday, December 19, 2016

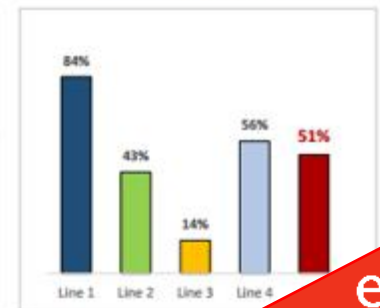
MILLION BARRELS PER TANK



MILLION BARRELS PER TANKS SECTOR



TANKS FILLING % PER SECTOR



New Constellations

Direct Tasking Programs

EO Big Data & Analytics

Pricing Pressure On Archive Data

Biggest Trends in Satellite Earth Observation

- (re)evolution if the entire eco-system
(business, value chain, technology,
partnership, public private cooperation, ...)**

GEO4IR
Geometric 4th Grade Instruction
Location | Text | File Data | 41

e-geos
AN ASIL TELESPAZIO COMPANY

THE BIG DATA PROMISE

GEO Big Data + IA + Analytics are changing the game in the data consumption

↑ AI
Machine learning
Deep learning

Big Data

Self Program

Predictive Analysis

Prescriptive Analysis

Automated action

WHERE WE ARE ?



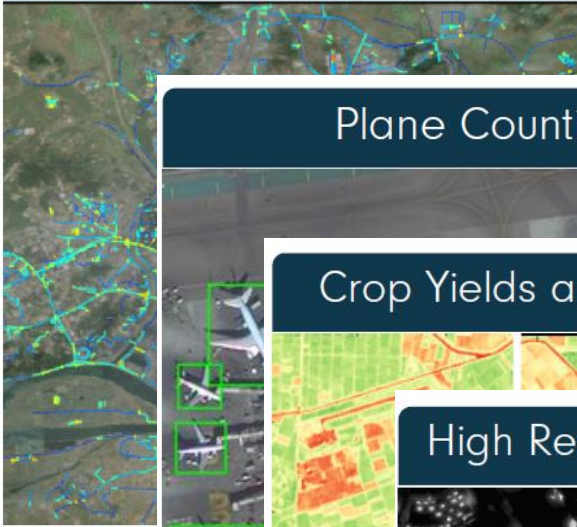
KEY FACTORS:

- ☒ GEO BigData
- ☒ DLAlgorithm
- ☒ GPU's



Big Data and Space Democratization

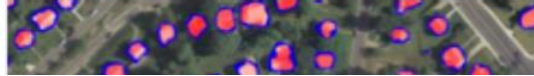
Car Counting



Commodity Stockpiles



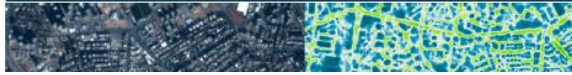
Building Classifying



Plane Counting



Road Network Detection



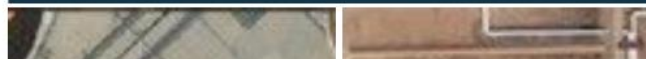
Trucks & Buses



Crop Yields and Health



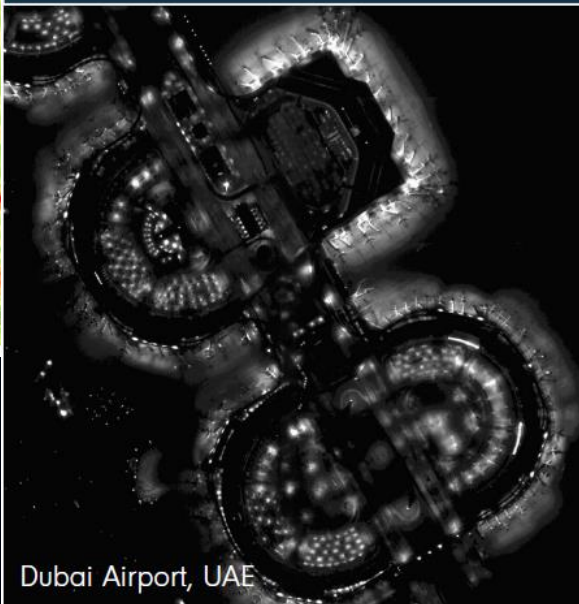
Floating Roof Tank Levels



Water Levels



High Resolution Night Lights



SWIR Flares

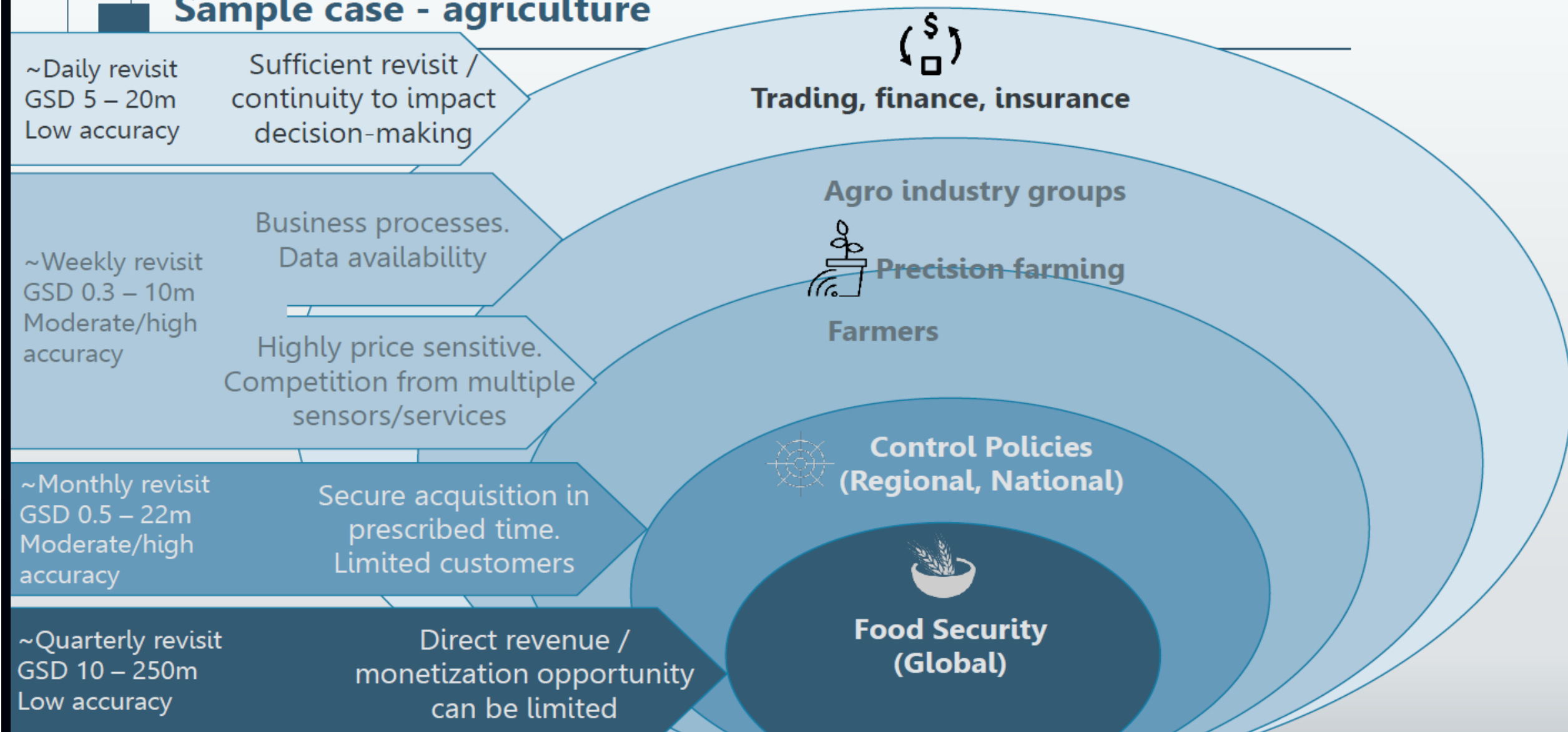


Thermal



Evolution and impact on value chain and new users

Sample case - agriculture



Space Democratization

first space wave

Space as Political Power
Cold War



moon landing
1969

JFK Speech
1962

2nd space wave

Science and Exploration
Early Communications



1979

Navstar 1
1978

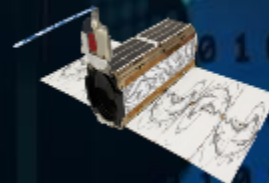


3rd space wave

DAB DBS
HTS
Comms LEO/MEO
Earth Observation
Navigation
Systems

mid 90's

mid 2010's



4th space wave

Democratization
Sharing Economy
In Space

2007-
2010



Earth Digital Twin



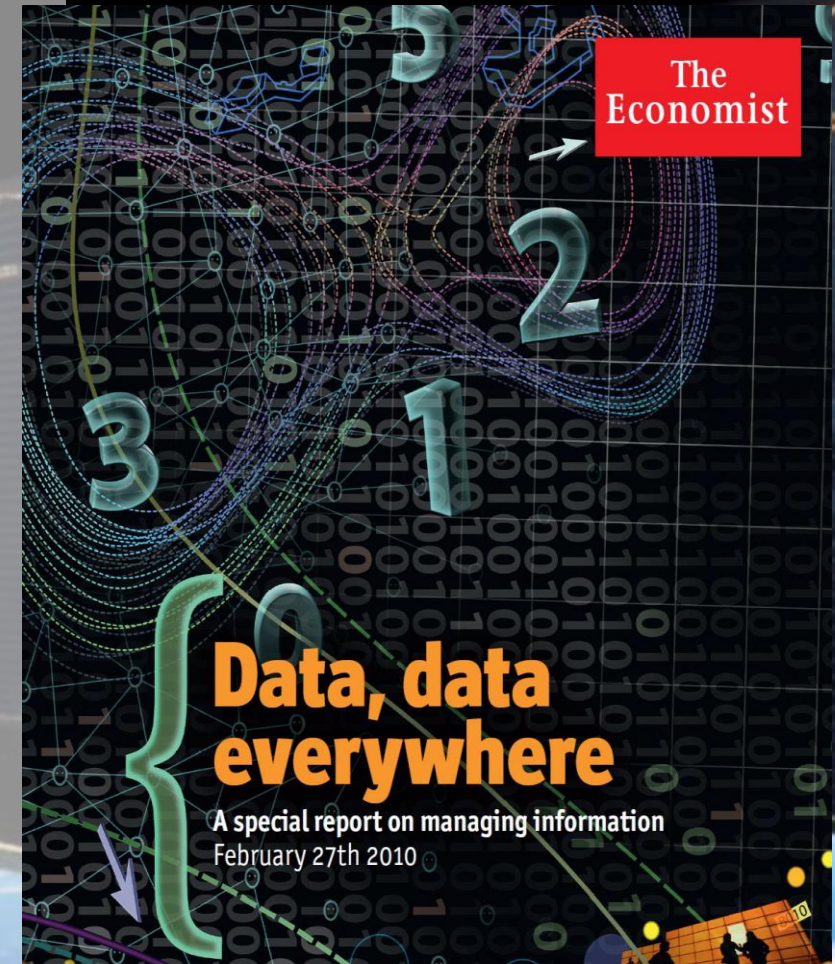
Pattern of life



From Earth Observation –
static imagery to **pattern of
life** monitoring

Thanks to Space Big Data, to faster
revisit time offered in both radar
and optical domain, we can answer
to much more questions that in the
past. The challenge is to design
advanced algorithms to generate to
process big data and to generate
info reports for each vertical
domain

- The space industry is fast moving to a new paradigm as consequence of breakthrough innovations in the space domain and in the data exploitation through a global connectivity infrastructure, incredible growing computing capabilities from mapping/imagery to continuous monitoring and information flow
- The evolution of a new class of satellites and constellations allows a new space economy, a space democratization based on a great number of new services to be offered
- New value propositions are enabled by paradigm shift in data and information exploitation through new data and services access platforms to address the need of a vast range of traditional and new users
- Customer base is moving to a wide community of users and Space dimension of IoT just started. IT will surely play a key role in this (r)evolution



WE SCAN THE EARTH



e-geos

EYES ON THE EARTH

e-geos
AN ASI7 TELESPAZIO COMPANY